V = 1554.6 (5) Å³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.50 \times 0.38 \times 0.30$ mm

11996 measured reflections

4174 independent reflections

2803 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 1.44 \text{ mm}^-$

T = 298 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.055$

Z = 4

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Bis(2-amino-3-methylpyridine)dichloridocobalt(II)

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Received 5 September 2010; accepted 13 September 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.058; wR factor = 0.132; data-to-parameter ratio = 24.0.

In the title compound, $[CoCl_2(C_6H_8N_2)_2]$, the Co^{II} ion is fourcoordinated by two pyridine N atoms from the 2-amino-3methylpyridine ligands and two chloride ions in a distorted tetrahedral geometry. A weak intramolecular N-H···Cl interaction occurs. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular N-H···Cl and C-H···Cl hydrogen-bond interactions.

Related literature

2-Amino-3-methylpyridine (ampy) can potentially coordinate to metal centers through the N atom of the amino group (Chen et al., 2005) or the pyridyl nitrogen atom (Amani Komaei et al., 1999; Ziegler et al., 2000; Castillo et al., 2001). For the structures of $[(ampyH)_2CoX_4]$ proton-transfer compounds (X = Cl, Br), see: Carnevale *et al.* (2010). Polar metal-halogen bonds are good hydrogen-bond acceptors, see: Aullón et al. (1998).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[CoCl_2(C_6H_8N_2)_2]$
$M_r = 346.12$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
a = 9.3768 (19) Å
b = 13.841 (3) Å
c = 12.175 (2) Å
$\beta = 100.31 \ (3)^{\circ}$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS II diffractometer Absorption correction: numerical shape of crystal determined optically (XRED and XSHAPE; Stoe & Cie. 2005) $T_{\min} = 0.517, \ T_{\max} = 0.642$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$	174 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.132$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.07	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.47 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
4174 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.52 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Selected	geometric	parameters	(A,	°)	1
	0	1	< /		

Co1-N3	2.034 (2)	Co1-Cl2	2.2303 (11)
Col-N1	2.038 (3)	01-01	2.2635 (11)
N3-Co1-N1	106.66 (10)	N3-Co1-Cl1	109.94 (8)
N3-Co1-Cl2	110.23 (8)	N1-Co1-Cl1	108.24 (8)
N1-Co1-Cl2	111.26 (9)	Cl2-Co1-Cl1	110.42 (5)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond	geometry ((Å, ').
	0	\	

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots \mathbf{A}$
$N2 - H2B \cdots Cl1^{i}$ $N4 - H4A \cdots Cl1$ $N4 - H4B \cdots Cl2^{ii}$ $C2 - H2 - Cl2^{iii}$	0.86 0.86 0.86	2.72 2.67 2.68 2.81	3.427 (4) 3.363 (4) 3.350 (4) 3.701 (4)	140 138 136
Symmetry codes: $-x - \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}.$	(i) $-x, -y$	x + 2, -z; (ii)	$\frac{5.701}{-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}},$	$\overline{, -z + \frac{1}{2};}$ (iii)

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2005); cell refinement: X-AREA; data reduction: X-AREA; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

The authors wish to acknowledge Iran University of Science and Technology (IUST) for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JJ2058).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m1293-m1294 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810036597]

Bis(2-amino-3-methylpyridine)dichloridocobalt(II)

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Comment

2-amino-3-methylpyridine (ampy) is a common ligand and potentially can coordinate to metal centers through the N atom of amino group (Chen *et al.*, 2005) or the pyridyl nitrogen atom (Amani Komaei *et al.*, 1999; Ziegler *et al.*, 2000; Castillo *et al.*, 2001). Recently, the structure of $[(ampyH)_2CoX_4]$ proton transfer compounds (*X*=Cl, Br) have been reported (Carnevale *et al.*, 2010). Polar metal-halogen bonds are good hydrogen bond acceptors (Aullón *et al.*, 1998). We report herein the synthesis and molecular structure of the title compound, $[Co(ampy)_2Cl_2]$. The compound is mononuclear with the cobalt (II) ion coordinated by two pyridyl nitrogen atoms from two ampy ligands and two chloride ions in a distorted tetrahedral geometry (Fig. 1). The Co—N and Co—Cl bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Table 1). The dihedral angle formed between the least squares planes of two pyridine rings is 69.5 (5)°. Crystal packing is stabilized by weak intramolecular N—H…Cl, C—H…Cl hydrogen bond interactions (Table 2). Cl1 forms a bifurcated acceptor bond with H4A and H2B from nearby neighbors (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A solution of 2-amino-3-methylpyridine (0.1 ml, 1 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) was added to a solution of $CoCl_2.6H_2O$ (0.12 g, 0.5 mmol) in water (10 ml) and stirred for 20 min at 50 °C. Slow evaporation of the resulting solution gave a blue precipitate which was then recrystallized from ethanol and acetonitrile (3:1 v/v). After one week, blue crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray analysis were isolated (yield; 0.1583 g, 91.4% based on Co, decomposition > 168 °C).

Refinement

All of the H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms, with C—H = 0.93\AA (CH), with C—H = 0.96\AA (CH₃), and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$, $1.49U_{eq}(C)$, and with N—H = 0.86\AA (NH₂) and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of $[Co(ampy)_2Cl_2]$ with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 30% probability level.



Fig. 2. The packing diagram of $[Co(ampy)_2Cl_2]$ showing hydrogen bonding as blue dashed lines.

Bis(2-amino-3-methylpyridine)dichloridocobalt(II)

Crystal data	
$[\text{CoCl}_2(\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)_2]$	F(000) = 708.0
$M_r = 346.12$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.479 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Melting point: 441 K
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
<i>a</i> = 9.3768 (19) Å	Cell parameters from 4174 reflections
b = 13.841 (3) Å	$\theta = 2.3 - 29.2^{\circ}$
c = 12.175 (2) Å	$\mu = 1.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 100.31 \ (3)^{\circ}$	T = 298 K
$V = 1554.6 (5) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, blue
Z = 4	$0.5\times0.38\times0.3~mm$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS II diffractometer	4174 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2803 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.055$
Detector resolution: 0.15 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.2^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^{\circ}$
rotation method scans	$h = -12 \rightarrow 10$
Absorption correction: numerical shape of crystal determined optically (<i>X-RED</i> and <i>X-SHAPE</i> ; Stoe & Cie, 2005)	$k = -18 \rightarrow 18$
$T_{\min} = 0.517, \ T_{\max} = 0.642$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
11996 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.132$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.07	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.6654P]$

	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
4174 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
174 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.47 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.52 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
Col	0.14951 (4)	0.99824 (3)	0.31175 (3)	0.04765 (14)
Cl2	0.09365 (12)	1.14810(7)	0.35642 (8)	0.0730 (3)
Cl1	0.24844 (11)	0.99925 (9)	0.15526 (7)	0.0738 (3)
N3	0.2899 (3)	0.93750 (18)	0.43978 (19)	0.0450 (6)
N1	-0.0296 (3)	0.9120 (2)	0.2839 (2)	0.0484 (6)
C5	-0.0369 (4)	0.8380 (3)	0.3553 (3)	0.0579 (8)
Н5	0.0376	0.8310	0.4164	0.069*
C1	-0.1395 (3)	0.9237 (3)	0.1967 (2)	0.0509 (7)
C7	0.3589 (3)	0.8548 (2)	0.4302 (3)	0.0490 (7)
C2	-0.2593 (4)	0.8599 (3)	0.1783 (3)	0.0552 (8)
C9	0.4738 (4)	0.8617 (3)	0.6192 (3)	0.0641 (9)
Н9	0.5363	0.8367	0.6805	0.077*
C11	0.3132 (4)	0.9843 (2)	0.5399 (3)	0.0541 (8)
H11	0.2654	1.0423	0.5464	0.065*
C6	-0.3807 (4)	0.8754 (4)	0.0808 (3)	0.0829 (13)
H6A	-0.4567	0.8296	0.0844	0.124*
H6B	-0.3449	0.8665	0.0124	0.124*
H6C	-0.4179	0.9398	0.0835	0.124*
C8	0.4538 (4)	0.8119 (3)	0.5215 (3)	0.0546 (8)
N2	-0.1321 (4)	0.9997 (2)	0.1281 (3)	0.0756 (10)
H2A	-0.0593	1.0385	0.1409	0.091*
H2B	-0.2003	1.0093	0.0718	0.091*
C10	0.4044 (4)	0.9485 (3)	0.6308 (3)	0.0664 (10)
H10	0.4195	0.9814	0.6985	0.080*
C3	-0.2594 (4)	0.7855 (3)	0.2517 (3)	0.0680 (10)
H3	-0.3359	0.7418	0.2410	0.082*
C4	-0.1470 (4)	0.7738 (3)	0.3422 (3)	0.0705 (10)
H4	-0.1477	0.7232	0.3923	0.085*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

N4	0.3322 (4)	0.8108 (3)	0.3292 (3)	0.0793 (10)
H4A	0.2730	0.8365	0.2749	0.095*
H4B	0.3745	0.7572	0.3193	0.095*
C12	0.5285 (5)	0.7188 (3)	0.5056 (4)	0.0809 (12)
H12A	0.5894	0.7005	0.5744	0.121*
H12B	0.5866	0.7267	0.4488	0.121*
H12C	0.4574	0.6693	0.4833	0.121*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.0456 (2)	0.0545 (2)	0.0391 (2)	-0.0008 (2)	-0.00267 (15)	0.00612 (18)
Cl2	0.0862 (7)	0.0581 (5)	0.0698 (5)	0.0198 (5)	0.0008 (5)	0.0085 (4)
Cl1	0.0666 (5)	0.1115 (8)	0.0421 (4)	-0.0138 (6)	0.0066 (4)	0.0074 (5)
N3	0.0440 (13)	0.0488 (14)	0.0392 (12)	0.0019 (11)	-0.0004 (10)	0.0034 (10)
N1	0.0436 (14)	0.0585 (15)	0.0405 (12)	-0.0034 (11)	0.0005 (10)	0.0044 (11)
C5	0.0514 (18)	0.075 (2)	0.0442 (16)	-0.0008 (17)	0.0012 (14)	0.0128 (15)
C1	0.0452 (16)	0.0637 (19)	0.0419 (15)	-0.0024 (14)	0.0024 (13)	0.0021 (14)
C7	0.0448 (16)	0.0516 (17)	0.0499 (16)	-0.0021 (14)	0.0059 (13)	-0.0013 (14)
C2	0.0454 (16)	0.076 (2)	0.0431 (16)	-0.0095 (16)	0.0038 (13)	0.0002 (15)
C9	0.058 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.0525 (19)	0.0033 (18)	-0.0009 (16)	0.0191 (18)
C11	0.0531 (17)	0.060 (2)	0.0454 (15)	-0.0001 (15)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0006 (14)
C6	0.057 (2)	0.121 (4)	0.062 (2)	-0.025 (2)	-0.0139 (18)	0.015 (2)
C8	0.0425 (15)	0.0540 (18)	0.066 (2)	-0.0001 (14)	0.0062 (14)	0.0155 (16)
N2	0.0690 (19)	0.082 (2)	0.0641 (18)	-0.0192 (17)	-0.0205 (15)	0.0253 (17)
C10	0.070 (2)	0.084 (3)	0.0393 (16)	-0.002 (2)	-0.0054 (15)	-0.0015 (17)
C3	0.056 (2)	0.086 (3)	0.061 (2)	-0.023 (2)	0.0079 (16)	0.0053 (19)
C4	0.059 (2)	0.085 (3)	0.065 (2)	-0.015 (2)	0.0053 (17)	0.024 (2)
N4	0.093 (2)	0.075 (2)	0.0648 (19)	0.0253 (19)	-0.0001 (17)	-0.0170 (16)
C12	0.074 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.102 (3)	0.019 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.019 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Co1—N3	2.034 (2)	С9—Н9	0.9300
Co1—N1	2.038 (3)	C11—C10	1.365 (5)
Co1—Cl2	2.2303 (11)	C11—H11	0.9300
Co1—Cl1	2.2635 (11)	С6—Н6А	0.9600
N3—C7	1.330 (4)	С6—Н6В	0.9600
N3—C11	1.363 (4)	С6—Н6С	0.9600
N1—C1	1.350 (4)	C8—C12	1.495 (6)
N1—C5	1.353 (4)	N2—H2A	0.8600
C5—C4	1.349 (5)	N2—H2B	0.8600
С5—Н5	0.9300	С10—Н10	0.9300
C1—N2	1.352 (4)	C3—C4	1.391 (5)
C1—C2	1.415 (5)	С3—Н3	0.9300
C7—N4	1.355 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
C7—C8	1.424 (4)	N4—H4A	0.8600
C2—C3	1.363 (5)	N4—H4B	0.8600
C2—C6	1.506 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9600

С9—С8	1.358 (5)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C9—C10	1.385 (6)	C12—H12C	0.9600
N3—Co1—N1	106.66 (10)	С2—С6—Н6А	109.5
N3—Co1—Cl2	110.23 (8)	С2—С6—Н6В	109.5
N1—Co1—Cl2	111.26 (9)	Н6А—С6—Н6В	109.5
N3—Co1—Cl1	109.94 (8)	С2—С6—Н6С	109.5
N1—Co1—Cl1	108.24 (8)	Н6А—С6—Н6С	109.5
Cl2—Co1—Cl1	110.42 (5)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
C7—N3—C11	119.0 (3)	C9—C8—C7	116.1 (3)
C7—N3—Co1	123.1 (2)	C9—C8—C12	123.8 (3)
C11—N3—Co1	117.8 (2)	C7—C8—C12	120.0 (3)
C1—N1—C5	118.5 (3)	C1—N2—H2A	120.0
C1—N1—Co1	123.4 (2)	C1—N2—H2B	120.0
C5—N1—Co1	118.1 (2)	H2A—N2—H2B	120.0
C4—C5—N1	123.2 (3)	С11—С10—С9	118.0 (3)
С4—С5—Н5	118.4	С11—С10—Н10	121.0
N1—C5—H5	118.4	С9—С10—Н10	121.0
N1—C1—N2	117.6 (3)	C2—C3—C4	121.1 (3)
N1—C1—C2	121.4 (3)	С2—С3—Н3	119.4
N2—C1—C2	121.0 (3)	С4—С3—Н3	119.4
N3—C7—N4	117.0 (3)	C5—C4—C3	118.2 (3)
N3—C7—C8	122.4 (3)	С5—С4—Н4	120.9
N4—C7—C8	120.6 (3)	C3—C4—H4	120.9
C3—C2—C1	117.5 (3)	C7—N4—H4A	120.0
C3—C2—C6	122.3 (3)	C7—N4—H4B	120.0
C1—C2—C6	120.2 (3)	H4A—N4—H4B	120.0
C8—C9—C10	122.4 (3)	C8—C12—H12A	109.5
С8—С9—Н9	118.8	C8—C12—H12B	109.5
С10—С9—Н9	118.8	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
N3—C11—C10	122.0 (3)	C8—C12—H12C	109.5
N3—C11—H11	119.0	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C10-C11-H11	119.0	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—Co1—N3—C7	69.9 (3)	C11—N3—C7—C8	1.6 (5)
Cl2—Co1—N3—C7	-169.2(2)	Co1—N3—C7—C8	-178.2(2)
Cl1—Co1—N3—C7	-47.3 (3)	N1—C1—C2—C3	-0.4(5)
N1—Co1—N3—C11	-109.9 (2)	N2—C1—C2—C3	-179.4 (4)
Cl2—Co1—N3—C11	11.0 (3)	N1—C1—C2—C6	179.5 (4)
Cl1—Co1—N3—C11	133.0 (2)	N2—C1—C2—C6	0.5 (6)
N3—Co1—N1—C1	-172.4 (3)	C7—N3—C11—C10	-0.4(5)
Cl2—Co1—N1—C1	67.4 (3)	Co1—N3—C11—C10	179.3 (3)
Cl1—Co1—N1—C1	-54.1 (3)	C10—C9—C8—C7	1.1 (5)
N3—Co1—N1—C5	6.1 (3)	C10-C9-C8-C12	179.1 (4)
Cl2—Co1—N1—C5	-114.1 (2)	N3—C7—C8—C9	-1.9 (5)
Cl1—Co1—N1—C5	124.4 (2)	N4—C7—C8—C9	179.8 (4)
C1—N1—C5—C4	1.6 (5)	N3—C7—C8—C12	-180.0 (3)
Co1—N1—C5—C4	-176.9 (3)	N4—C7—C8—C12	1.8 (5)
C5—N1—C1—N2	178.2 (3)	N3—C11—C10—C9	-0.3 (6)
Co1—N1—C1—N2	-3.3 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.1 (6)

supplementary materials

C5—N1—C1—C2	-0.9 (5)		C1—C2—C3—C4		1.1 (6)
Co1—N1—C1—C2	177.6 (2)		C6—C2—C3—C4		-178.9 (4)
C11—N3—C7—N4	179.9 (3)		N1-C5-C4-C3		-1.0 (6)
Co1—N3—C7—N4	0.1 (4)		C2—C3—C4—C5		-0.4 (7)
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)					
D—H···A		<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H2B····Cl1 ⁱ		0.86	2.72	3.427 (4)	140

N4—H4A…Cl1	0.86	2.67	3.363 (4)	138
N4—H4B…Cl2 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.68	3.350 (4)	136
C3—H3···Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.81	3.701 (4)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y+2, -z; (ii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) -x-1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2.





